



Evaluating Destruction Techniques for PFM APM



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UXO and Stockpile Destruction

GICHD Study Group



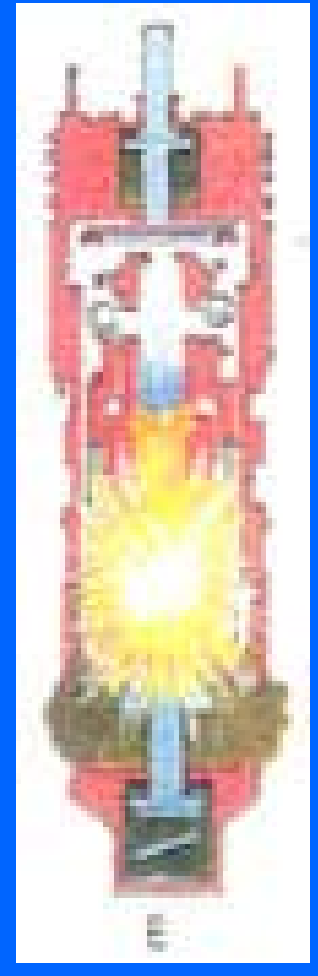
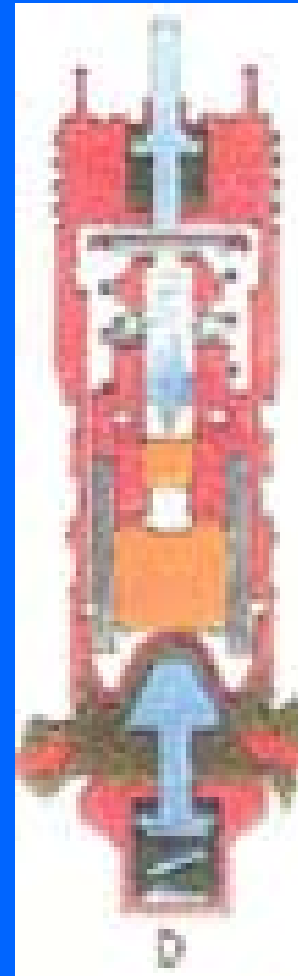
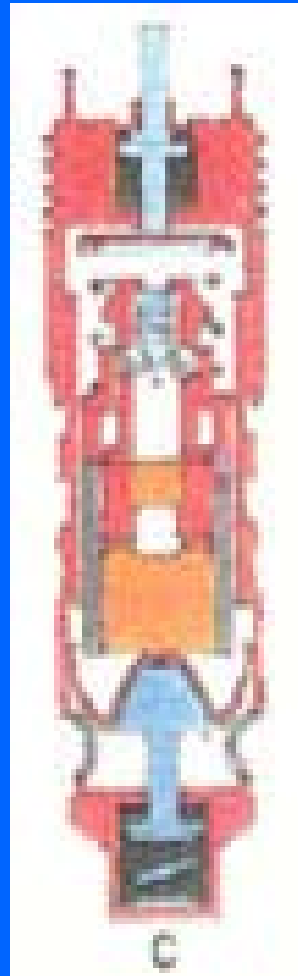
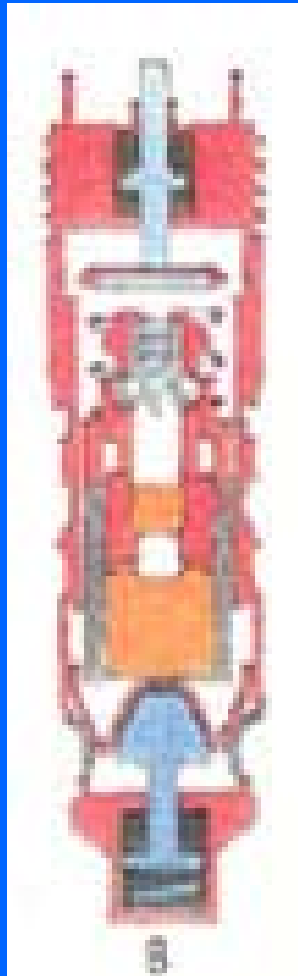
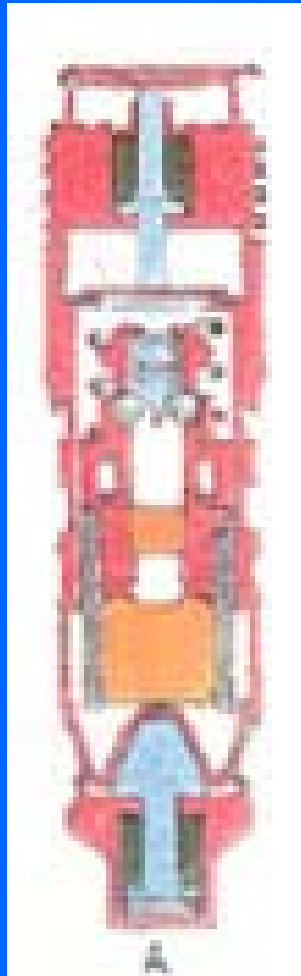
Information Requirements



- ❑ **Technical specifications of fuze, main body and dispenser systems.**
- ❑ **Products of combustion and detonation.**
- ❑ **Knowledge of Commercial of the Shelf Systems (COTS) for demilitarization.**
- ❑ **Responsible and safe OBOD techniques.**



FUZING SYSTEM





Fuze Arming



- ❑ On release from dispenser the Arming Plunger is released, and moved under the pressure of the Arming Spring.
- ❑ Pressure on Fuze Main Body transfers liquid explosive content through a rubber diaphragm and fluid inlet port into fuze.
- ❑ The inner fuze body moves under the influence of the movement of fluid.



Fuze Arming



- ❑ This movement rotates the detonator “into line” in the explosive chain.
- ❑ Progressive movement of the fuze inner body allows the Safety Ball to be released.
- ❑ The Striker Spring moves the Striker onto the Detonator.



Fuze Safety Summary



- ❑ **Arming plunger held by dispenser frame.**
- ❑ **Ball prevents Striker movement until armed.**
- ❑ **Detonator is held rotated and out of line until the fuze is armed.**
- ❑ **Fuze safety can be confirmed by X Ray.**



Demilitarization Hazards



- ❑ Explosive degradation.
- ❑ Products of combustion and detonation.
- ❑ Removal of the APM from the dispenser starts the arming process. (First of three Safety Components is removed).
- ❑ Additional pressure of 3.4 mm displacement on the mine body will then arm and fire the fuze.
- ❑ No neutralization RSP.



Destruction Process Requirements (1)



- ❑ Formal risk assessment required if process is to involve single mine destruction. (Not a recommended technique).**
- ❑ For an industrial process, the system must be capable of resisting sustained detonations of 0.64 kg to 2.56 kg.**



Destruction Process Requirements (2)



- For an industrial process, the Pollution control system must be designed to cope with results obtained from “live trials”.



Destruction Options



- ❑ **Open Burning / Open Detonation**
 - Only if supported by PFM Study results.
 - Use of ANFO to ensure intimate contact with all of the APM in dispenser.
 - Using Australian developed methodology.
- ❑ **Industrial Processes**
 - Safe system of work.
 - Risk As Low As is Reasonably Practicable (ALARP) principle to be followed.
 - “Transportable” NOT “Mobile”.



Cryofracture



- ❑ **Could solve “single APM” safety problems if used in parallel to mechanical disassembly.**
- ❑ **Formal risk assessment required.**
- ❑ **Could mean use of existing incineration systems.**
- ❑ **Evolving technology with very limited practical experience for APM.**



Drilling and Gravity Feed



- ❑ Risk of drill displacing more than 3.4mm, therefore mines should be kept in dispenser.
- ❑ Use of gravity feed to collect liquid explosive. (Similar to NG systems).
- ❑ Minimal explosive residual explosive hazard (remainder of filling, detonator and gaine) can then be incinerated easily with only small explosive events.



Drilling and Gravity Feed



- ❑ Full mine threat removed.
- ❑ Requirement for positive feed system for liquid explosive.
- ❑ Any detonation would cause significant damage to drilling machinery, therefore safe systems (including drill life) should be established.



Incineration



- ❑ No known incineration systems that can take repeated single explosive events of 0.64 kg to 2.56 kg.
- ❑ Rotary kiln limited to approx 40g per item, therefore could deal with single mines, but risky feed system etc.
- ❑ Plasma arc requires pre-processing BUT as detonator is “out of line” it MAY not propagate to main charge.



Contained Detonation



- ❑ **A practical solution that MUST be used with an integrated PCS.**
- ❑ **Will allow detonation of complete dispenser packs.**
- ❑ **Production levels dictated by time to prepare donor charges. (ANFO ?)**



Pollution Control System Requirements



- ❑ **Capability to interface with the physical destruction system.**
- ❑ **Must remove or neutralize acid gases, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), particulates and heavy metals.**
- ❑ **Must prevent or reduce dioxin formation.**
- ❑ **Must meet agree environmental legislation or guidelines.**



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